

The Qu'Appelle Free Press.

Vol. V.

QU'APPELLE, W.T.C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 1, 1890.

No. 39.

Business Directory.

WINNIPEG.

DAWSON, BOLE & Co.,
Wholesale Druggists, Winnipeg, Man.

QU'APPELLE.

WM. SMITH,
Advocate, Notary Public, Collections and
Real Estate Agent.

J. F. GUERIN, L.D.S.,
Dental Surgeon, Main street.

S. H. CASWELL,
General Merchant.

J. A. COWAN,
General Agent for A. Harris, Son & Co's
Agricultural Implements, Qu'Appelle, Man.

JACGER & DAVIES,
Agents for Pianos, Organs and anything in
the music line.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD,
House, Sign and Carriage Painter.

J. C. PRICE,
Carriage and Wagon Maker.

W. H. BELL,
Wholesale and Retail Butcher. Dealer in
Fresh and Cured Meats, Sausages, etc.

G. M. BAILEY,
Boot and Shoe repairing promptly executed
on the premises formerly known as the Mc-
Manus hotel.

D. C. E. CARTHEW,
QU'APPELLE,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.,
CORONER.
Graduate Toronto University and Licentiate
College Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

R. STEVENSON, B.A.,
(OF CAMBRIDGE),
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, ETC.,
QU'APPELLE.

SCOTT, HAMILTON & DICKSON,
Barristers, Advocates, etc.

D. L. SCOTT, Q.C. W. C. HAMILTON,
REGINA.
A. D. DICKSON, QU'APPELLE.
Office, first door south of the Queen's
Hotel, Qu'Appelle Street.
MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON
Improved Farms or Town Property,
AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST.
E. W. WARNER, Qu'Appelle.

W. T. THOMPSON, D. T. S.,
DOMINION LAND SURVEYOR AND
CIVIL ENGINEER.
QU'APPELLE STATION.

G. S. DAVIDSON,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER
For the North-West Territories. Sales con-
ducted on the shortest notice. Arrange-
ments can be made at my Office, or at the
Auction Office, QU'APPELLE.

J. B. ROBINSON
Contractor, Builder,
ETC., ETC.
QU'APPELLE.

All Work in my Line will Receive
Careful Attention.

W. D. McFarlane,
QU'APPELLE, N.W.T.,
Contractor in Plastering,
Bricklaying & Mason Work.

Estimates Furnished on Short Notice.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
The patronage of the public solicited.

JOHN B. MILLIKEN,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
Harness & Saddlery
WHIPS,
CURRY COMBS,
HORSE BRUSHES,
BELLS,
BLANKETS,
SPURS,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

Business Change.

THE undersigned has purchased the busi-
ness of Mr. P. E. Durr carried on in
Qu'Appelle under the management of Mr.
W. B. Ingraham, and will keep in stock a
full line of

Watches, Clocks,
JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,
DIAMONDS, PECTACLES,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

Particular attention paid to Repairing all
kinds of Fine Watches.

Orders by Mail or Stage promptly
Attended to.

R. B. FERGUSON,
QU'APPELLE.

JAS. BROWN & SON
SUCCESSORS TO FRANK MARWOOD.

General Blacksmiths

AND
CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS
QU'APPELLE.

A trial solicited from parties having lame or
interior horses. Flow Shares made to
order and satisfaction guaranteed.

Repairs of all kinds of wood work promptly
attended to.

WORK DONE CHEAP FOR CASH.

G. H. V. BULYEA
QU'APPELLE.

Insurance & General Agent.

DEALER IN
FURNITURE,
Flour & Feed, Etc.

Agent for the Celebrated Bokerly Organs
In stock, a full line of Coffins & Caskets.

NEW BAKERY

A. McKenzie,
QU'APPELLE.

BREAD! FRUITS!

CONFECTIONERY, &c.,
Contacted on hand.

Birthday and Bride's Cakes
A SPECIALTY.

R. JOHNSTON,
QU'APPELLE, ASSIN.

DEALER IN
Agricultural Implements,
Barbed Wire,

Buggies, Buckboards & Wagons

LIVERY,
Feed and Sale Stable

First Class Rigs.

Daily Stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.

J. H. MacCAUL,
Insurance Agent,

AND DEALER IN
Hard & Soft Coal,

BRICK,
LUMBER,

SASH,
DOORS,

BUILDING PAPER, ETC., ETC.
QU'APPELLE.

All description of seasoned British Colum-
bia Lumber in Stock.

S. H. COLLINS,
QU'APPELLE.

DEALER IN
Boots and Shoes!

AT
Any Price You Want Them

From \$1 up to \$10.

BOOTS MADE TO ORDER

TERMS CASH.

The North-West.

News Culled for The Progress
by our own correspondents.

McLEAN.

—Messrs. Blair & Hawkes are preparing
for the big threshing there will be this fall.

—Mr. John Crooks, east half 14, 18, 16,
has one of the finest fields of grain to be
seen anywhere. In fact a number of our
farmers could be named as having splendid
crops.

—Last week two Germans north of here
tried to grab more hay cutting than they
were entitled to, and the result was that the
holder of the permit had them sent up to
Regina for a few days to meditate upon the
personal rights of others.

REGINA PRESBYTERY.

At Moose Jaw, on Friday last (the 18th
inst) the resignation of Rev. S. J. Taylor was
accepted, and Mr. Hamilton appointed to
declare the pastoral he between Mr. Taylor
and the congregation at Moose Jaw dissolved.
Mr. Carmichael was appointed Moderator
during the vacancy, the name of Mr. John
McCauley, of Regina, being added to the
session. A committee consisting of Messrs.
Hamilton, Nelson, Carmichael, R. Gray and
B. K. Thompson, was appointed to draw
up a memorial to express the feeling of the
presbytery in parting with Mr. Taylor.

REGINA.

—Prof. Harry Walker has resigned the
leadership of the Moose Jaw brass band,
and is moving back to Regina.

—The excavation for Ferguson & Wil-
liams' double brick block is nearly finished,
and the masons will begin operations early
next week.

—The Regina curlers will shortly seek in-
corporation, and purpose erecting a rink
with three stretches, to cost in the neighbor-
hood of \$2,000.

—The lately organized brass band in con-
nection with the Moose Jaw brigade is get-
ting down to practice under the leadership
of Mr. Walter Maguire.

—Local horsemen are now speeding every
evening over the new race track. Calgary
horses have already commenced to arrive,
and the coming race meeting on August 1st
and 2nd, promises to be a great success.

—There is very general regret over the
death of the wife of D. S. McCann, principal
of Qu'Appelle school, and formerly of the
Regina school, which occurred in Winnipeg
on Monday last. The funeral here on Wed-
nesday was very largely attended. The
deceased was a daughter of Chas. Stewart,
of Ross River, Regina district, and was a
most estimable lady.

—The Methodist Sunday school picnic took
place on Thursday. About one hundred
and fifty drove out to a point on the Was-
can, some eight miles from town. Games
of all kinds were played and hot contests and
keen enjoyment were the order. The ves-
ter day was propitious and it was pronounced
the most successful picnic yet held by the
school. The Fresh-year school picnic at
the same place on August 5th.

BATTLEFORD.

Saskatchewan Herald.

—They are to have a weekly mail to Bat-
tleford shortly. It will leave Battleford on
the arrival of the mail from the south on al-
ternate Mondays, fitting in between the regu-
lar fortnightly service to Union Lake.

—Heavy rains, generally accompanied
with thunder and lightning, have in almost
every twenty-four hours during the past
week, generally at night and the week, tak-
ing it altogether, has been one of the hottest
of the season.

—It can scarcely be otherwise than that
times will be good in this district next win-
ter. The excellence of the crops will make
the importation of flour to a minimum, as
every farmer will have enough for himself
and to spare, and there has been a great
deal of profitable work for freighters, team-
sters, and others, so much so that security
of help has been severely felt by employers,
and present appearances are that with har-
vesting and harvesting close upon us the de-
mand for hired help will be rather ahead of
the supply.

Don't read! Don't think! Don't believe!
Now, are you better? You women who think
that patent medicines are a blessing, and
Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription the biggest
humbug of the whole because it's best
known of all—does your lack of faith ever
come?

It is very easy to "don't" in this world.
Suspicion always comes more easily than con-
fidence. But don't—little faith never made
a sick woman well—and the "Favorite Pres-
cription" has cured thousands of delicate
weak women, which makes us think that our
"Prescription" is better than your "don't
believe." We're both honest. Let us come
together. You try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Pres-
cription. If it doesn't do as represented,
you get your money back.

Where proof is so easy, can you afford to
doubt?

Little—but active—are Dr. Pierce's Pleasant
Pills.

Best Liver Pills made, gentle, yet thor-
ough. They regulate and invigorate the liver,
stomach, and bowels.

MOOSOMIN.

From the Courier.

—Our first experience of racing in con-
nection with a circuit is decidedly discourag-
ing. The advertised races have been a failure,
and many who came into town to see a
good day's sport have returned disappointed.

The experience of those who have seen the
working of racing circuits in the east is
similar to that of Moosomin. The fault
does not lie with the Moosomin committee
for the prize list compares favorably with
that of other places, and the conditions of
the races were the same throughout the
circuit. There is this difference, at places
east of here the conditions were not adhered
to, whereas here no entries were received
after stipulated time. This action, although
apparently favoring the Moosomin, will
be of great advantage to Moosomin in the
future, as it will show the public that at all
costs the advertised arrangement will be
adhered to. The weather, both on Tuesday
and Wednesday, was all that could be de-
sired. As hardly any of the advertised races
were filled, the committee, not to disappoint
the public entirely, arranged a new pro-
gramme, which was carried out as follows:

Four races, 14 hands and under, \$100.
Mr. K. Price's Polo, 1, 1; Mr. Veaud's
Syndicate, 3, 2; Mr. Booth's Cammer, 4, 0.
Time 57. The next race was the one mile
hurdle—eight hurdles. Mr. W. H. Nelson's
Cammer in 2:37 was an easy winner, Sleepy
Bob second.

A foot race, 100 yards, was next arranged.
It resulted: 1—Fraser, 55; 2—T. Ramsey,
52; 3—E. Jones.

Matched race, mile heats, best three in five,
between Mr. R. Currie's Maggie May and D.
H. McCann's Mike, purse \$100—Mike, 1,
2, 2; Maggie May, 2, 1, 1.

Deck Bardon, of Winnipeg, found an op-
portunity between the heats of this race to
address his numerous friends from Hinton
and Bruce, in the course of which his feelings
overcame him and he shed copious tears.

Yesterday the race was opened with a
sweepstakes of \$20, with \$50 added for run-
ning horses, three-quarter-mile heats, each
weight, 120 lbs. Entries: Little Dan 1, Nellie
2, 3; Little Jack 0. Time 1:04, 1:22.

Four sweepstakes of \$10, with \$50 added,
half-mile heats, best two in three, e. w., en-
tries—Val Wetmore's Shanks 1, T. Ramsey's
Gopher 2. Time 59, 60.

Matched trial between Mr. R. Currie's Mag-
gie May and D. H. McCann's Nigger, half-
mile heats, 120 lbs. Won by Nigger in
three straight heats. Nigger was driven in
magnificent style by Mr. T. D. Finlay.

The judges were L. C. MacIntyre and A.
D. Elliott, Winnipeg; A. C. Patterson, Qu'
Appelle; W. F. Smith, of Virden, was
timekeeper, and Mr. N. Macdonald starter.

During the Green race yesterday afternoon
a accident was caused by a horse ridden by
a halibut being off the course and knock-
ing over J. Macdonald, a lad of 16 years
of age. No serious injury was sustained.

—The local committee of Royal Templars
in Montreal are sparing no pains to provide
conveniently and suitably for visitors to the
temperance camp in Montreal from the 14th
to the 24th of August. A great excursion
is to leave Toronto for Montreal on the 13th,
the return fare being only seven dollars.

—The Germans are said to be importing
a very large quantity of trade-rum into
East Africa. It is to be hoped that the
profits in this business do not figure fore-
most in the minds of those who have secured
their colonial activity. The recent Anti-
slavery Conference has, it is understood,
declared that a crusade against the rum
traffic as the slave trade is to be waged by
the powers of the world's pressings. The
need was never so great as today. In the
past year and a half Boston alone has sent
to Africa over 1,250,000 gallons of rum, and
Hamburg sends the total exports to unap-
pealing figures.

—The Herald's Washington special says:
The substance of the Behring sea corre-
spondence by Congress has removed the
one cause of irritation that has vexed the
two great countries for several years. There
is now but one way our revenue cutters can
over again search British vessels in Behring
sea, that is under the protection of our
navy. That fact is established, and the gra-
vity of the controversy is therefore dimini-
shed. The conduct of the administration has
been such that the British Government will
never again, it is said, trust to good will to
avoid exacerbating measures. As we are not
disposed to fight there is nothing now left to
do but to arbitrate. That is the exact posi-
tion of the Behring sea controversy—arbitra-
tion or fight.

At a time when Canadian politicians, in
order to make a point against opponents,
were denouncing their own country and
glorifying Dakota, large numbers of Cana-
dians sought a home in that territory. The
results have not been such as to encourage
a further exodus. A succession of crop fail-
ures have reduced many of these people to
the verge of starvation, and they are now
appealing for aid to enable them to reach
the Northwest, where they hope to begin life
again under more favorable circumstances.

John W. Silverthorn, Leslie P. O. McPhee
and Co., South Dakota, has written to the
Board of Trade at Regina and Toronto, ask-
ing if aid can be given, and stating that if he
goes to the Canadian Northwest more will
follow. It is to be hoped that Canadian
will learn by and by that the opportunities
of the industrious farmer in our own North-
west are far better than anything the United
States can offer.—Nelson.

MOTHERS AND NURSES.

All who have the care of children, should
know that Dr. Fowler's Kidney & Bladder
Remedy may be confidently depended on
to cure all summer complaints, diarrhoea,
dysentery, cholera, cholera infantum,
cholera morbus, jaundice, etc., in children
or adults.

POPULAR OBJECTIONS TO PROHIBITION.

From the N. Y. Voice.

VI.

Prohibition attempts to remove temptation
from men, while God's plan is to permit
temptation to exist in order to strengthen
the moral power of man. Therefore Prohibition
is not in accord with God's methods.

For a fuller statement of this objection see
the article by S. Henry in the Omaha Bee,
June 27. The fallacy involved in it is due
to the supposition (answered in the Voice,
June 12) that the object of prohibitory law
is to make men moral. On this supposition
Mr. Henry goes ahead to argue that it is not
the right method to make men moral. But
the purpose of any criminal law, and probi-
tory law among others, is to prevent men
from injuring others, not to make them moral.

We don't punish theft to make either the
thief or his victim moral. We don't hang a
murderer to make either him or his victim
moral. So we propose to forbid the sale of
liquor, not to make either the liquor-seller
or the liquor-drinker moral, but to stop a
traffic that injures every one in the com-
munity by disturbing public order, by en-
dangering personal safety, by increasing
public taxes for the support of paupers and
criminals, by demoralizing legitimate pro-
ductive industries, and by causing the loss
of health and life in the last analysis, on
which a nation is in the last analysis, built,
and in which its future citizens receive
their bent toward virtue or vice. It is to
prevent this injury, positive and enormous,
to the community as a whole, that every
individual in it that prohibitory law is advo-
cated.

Is it the State's duty to supply temptation
so that men's moral nature may be tested
and strengthened? That is what the objec-
tion involves, for no nation can be legal un-
less the State protects it with its courts, its
police, its militia if necessary, may even en-
gage any citizen to take arms in its de-
fence.

If the supplying of temptation is an impor-
tant aid to the development of virtue, then
why is not the keeping of a saloon as impor-
tant and beneficial to the community as
teaching a public school or preaching? If it
is God's method of increasing man's virtue,
then why should not you and your son keep a
saloon, or conduct a gambling house, or
publish obscene literature? Why would you
not be living thereby in God's work?

But the objection involves also a positive
disrespect for the devil. It implies that he
is not equal to the task of supplying the
world with sufficient temptations, and the
development of virtue requires that we go
into active partnership with him. We believe
in the devil's due, and no one has any
right to call in question his activity in
this day and generation. It is not just to
do so.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

—Mrs. Mary Clement Leavitt, writing
from Panama, Costa Rica State, says: "The
fearful tide of drink here is more fearful
than once can imagine until one has really
seen, as I have done, the steady stream of
the vilest spirits, much of which is alcohol
distilled from the cheapest substances that
will produce it, brought out in this form
to be reduced with water, flavored with
sugar, and sold at an enormous profit."

—Dr. B. W. Richardson says we can form
no idea what the history of civilized
man would be if the effects of alcohol were
altogether out of the field. He writes
we have only heard of a world in which these
effects have been present, but with perfect
power at this might in a few generations
be changed by education and progress,
founded on the treatment of the young who
have undergone no aberration from nature.

A Baltimore despatch says: "Lord Wolse-
ley, in a letter received in this city, writes:
'The closer the bonds of union between
mother and child, England and the United
States, the better it will be for both, for
our race, and indeed for civilization. Those who
rant about causes of quarrel between us are
no friends to either nation or to humanity.
There must never be war between us, no
matter how much either side may be
urged on by those who hate the human race,
or by those who would like to see us at one
another's throats. We feel quite as proud
of the United States as any of its people can
do. Its honor and reputation are as dear
to us as they can be to those on the other
side of the Atlantic, and I rejoice, above
all things, to think that the mutual respect
we have always had for one another is now
mutually in a sincere and mutual affec-
tion.'"

PROGRESS IN ENGLAND.—A London corre-
spondent, writing of the recent great excite-
ment over the Government compensation
scheme, and the Government back-down,
says: "With this splendid victory on their
side, Temperance reformers should take
heart of grace and go ahead. They have felt
the pulse of the country, and found that it
beats in active sympathy with their crusade.
In the near future, it is perfectly clear, there
is the possibility of a great step forward.
The country will respond, as it has never
done before, to the appeal to place the
popular veto among the very foremost
measures of the Parliament, which, to all
appearance, will be effected next year. The
flowing tide is with us, and our question
is to ride to the top in importance or urgency.
It commands, on a broad, non-party platform,
an amount of support exceeded by no other.
Let us go up and possess the land."
—Voice.

SIXTEEN UGLY SORES.

Inflammatory rheumatism through wrong
treatment left me with stiff joints and
running sores on my limbs, and for seven
years I could not walk. When I commenced
taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I had sixteen
sores, but they all healed, and now I can
walk with ease.

The Qu'Appelle Progress

Published every Thursday
At The Progress Printing Office in the
Town of Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia, Canada.

Prohibition First in Politics.

The rates for our advertising space by contract are as follows:

	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight	Nine	Ten
One column	\$7.00	\$10.00	\$15.00	\$20.00	\$25.00	\$30.00	\$35.00	\$40.00	\$45.00	\$50.00
Half column	4.00	6.00	9.00	12.00	15.00	18.00	21.00	24.00	27.00	30.00
Quarter column	2.00	3.00	4.50	6.00	7.50	9.00	10.50	12.00	13.50	15.00
Three inches	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00	18.00	20.00
Two inches	1.50	3.00	4.50	6.00	7.50	9.00	10.50	12.00	13.50	15.00

Business cards \$1.00 per month payable quarterly.

The above rates do not apply to auction sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings, legal notices, or anything of a transitory nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each additional insertion. Yearly advertisements allowed to be changed monthly, if notice \$1.00 will be charged for each additional change.

Business locals, 50 cents for first twenty-five words, 2 cents for each additional word. The publisher reserves the right to refuse to insert advertisements of a questionable or objectionable character.

Subscription price: \$1.00 per annum, in advance, single copies 5 cents. A liberal commission will be allowed to parties who are willing to act as agents for us. Write for terms.

Address: JAMES WEIDMAN,
Qu'Appelle Station, Assin.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 1, 1890.

THE EUROPEAN SITUATION.

Recent disturbances in south-eastern Europe show how close is the danger of war. The best minds among the able group of writers who practically control the periodical literature of the day are united in describing how truly terrible and tragic the actual situation of Europe is. M. De Laveleye has given the best picture of it that has yet appeared. He says that at any moment a war may break out, compared to which all the wars that ever were will be but child's play. Russia and France on one side; Germany, Austria and Italy on the other have seven millions of men under marching orders, with ten millions more in reserve. Armies so vast never before were brought into conflict. But what gives to this fearful picture its darkest shading is the facility for concentration of great masses of men at given points. The military situation may be briefly described as crushing towards two objective points—one in the east, the other in the west. The nations on both sides are perfectly aware of each others' strength and are calculating on how they can overwhelm by numbers. No strategist, says M. De Laveleye, can foresee what the coming conflict will be like. In one day the number of killed and wounded will surpass that of an entire war of former times. Everywhere the nations are arming and increasing their means of offence and defence. The inevitability of the war is admitted; the only question being how to be ready for it. Taking a bird's eye view of the continent we see the ultimate point where the fate of nations must be decided. In the region dominated by the four great fortresses, Metz, Strasbourg, Mayence, and Cologne, the centre of the storm in the west is fixed. There the dead will be piled in the final struggle between Germany and France as never before on any battlefield. The cyclone of the east will surge on the northern slope of the Balkans. When it passes to their southern side and the plains that lie between Adrianople, Salonica and the Bosphorus the war will be over to all intents and purposes. The questions which the coming war is to decide are only two and really should not be beyond peaceful solution. France is determined to reconquer Alsace and Lorraine, Russia is determined to take Constantinople. These objects are forced forward, more by the movement of nationalities than by their governments to above. So long as the enslaved peoples were unconscious of that which constituted their ethnic unity, they permitted themselves to be governed and parcelled out like herds of cattle. But within the present century "particularism," as it has been called, has asserted itself. The peoples have become conscious of their own worth through the medium of the press. They have learned to read and think, and their poets have put their common ideas into song. It has taken a long time for the principles symbolized by the invention

of gunpowder and movable types to penetrate to the dense masses that benighted the retrograding footsteps of the Turk. But they have touched bottom at last. As a consequence we see the grouping of the peoples according to their ethnic affinities. Thus, it is well said, that under an autocratic regime a sovereign may govern twenty different races of people, but the moment these different races find themselves able to manage their affairs themselves, by means of deliberative assemblies they will tend to the formation of national unity, based on identity of origin and race. When a nationality is thus constituted, it has no rest till it has drawn to it and annexed the territories where its language is spoken and which are still subject to another sovereignty. This is the movement of the day and the true reason for the coming war. In reality, it is a rebellion of the peoples against the arbitrary manner in which they have been divided by kings and conquerors. Greek, Italian and German unity followed in the order of time. Now we see Flemings, Finns, Hungarians, Ozechs, Croats, Slavs, Romanians, Poles, Servians and Bulgarians uniting in the same way to reconstruct the map of Europe. Russia is making all possible use of this movement to extend the sphere of her influence along the Danube towards the grand purpose of an outlet to an open sea. Her schemes are aided by the powerful ties of religious faith. Austria presents the only barriers to her progress, and between them the fight must come at the beginning. Meantime all the emperors are by necessity pledged to the maintenance of status quo. But the movement just described is more potent than they are, and by it the great problems of European politics must be eventually decided. —Montreal Star.

PROHIBITION AND PERSONAL LIBERTY.

In the conflict of opinions respecting the propriety of prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicants as common beverages, there are certain stock arguments in opposition which are accentuated far beyond their value, and are made to do duty on all occasions, whether pertinent to the subject under discussion or not. It is affirmed that all sumptuary laws are an undue infringement of personal liberty; that they are inquisitorial in their nature; that they fail to accomplish the object in view; and being evaded, under various pretexts, tend to diminish respect for law and so beget general lawlessness. If in these respects sumptuary laws were an exception to the general rule,—if these were the only laws which restrained personal liberty, or failed to accomplish perfectly their object, or were evaded under various pretexts,—the argument would have great weight. But knowing as we do that they share the characteristics referred to in common with nearly all other laws on the statute book, it seems strange that they should be singled out for denunciation and attack. A moment's reflection will show that the bulk of those laws which have to do with the protection of society are prohibitory in their character; that they all infringe, more or less, the liberty of the individual; and that they are all evaded, when opportunity occurs, by the criminal class; nevertheless there is a general consensus of opinion that such laws are right and necessary, and that the benefits they secure society at large is an ample offset to the restrictions placed upon individual liberty. A due recognition of this fact would save the disputants from a world of misapprehension when discussing the question of Prohibition. We find, for example, in every well-governed city, a law which prescribes certain fire limits, within which no building of wood, or other inflammable material may be erected. Within those limits some citizen may own an eligible building site on which he proposes to erect a dwelling; he may have the material on hand and the workmen ready to begin operations. But first he must secure a building permit from the proper authorities. He makes application, but is met with a prompt

refusal: "No, sir; we cannot allow you to erect a wooden building on that site." "Why not?" enquires the citizen. "Because your site is within the fire limits," is the answer, "and a wooden building there might endanger the whole city." The citizen might now complain, with a good deal of reason, that the law in the case is unjust and tyrannical,—an unwarrantable interference with personal liberty; but in the end he is made to see that in a well-ordered community the public safety is the first consideration, and overrides all claims of personal liberty. The illustration applies with peculiar force to the movement for Prohibition, the main object of which is not to interfere with the personal liberty of drinking, but to protect society from the dangers of the drink traffic and the tremendous losses which it entails. And we argue, as in other analogous cases, that the abstract rights of the individual must be subordinated, if necessary, to the safety and well-being of the community as a whole.

Or suppose we take the case of a town where there are no fire limits, and where each citizen may build of what material he pleases. Some day a fire breaks out, which, carried by a strong wind, threatens to destroy the whole town. The fire brigade exert themselves to the utmost, but are unable to subdue the flames. There is but one way left to check the devouring element, and that is by destroying some of the buildings in its course. No sooner said than done. By explosives within, or by axe and lever without, one or more buildings are quickly levelled to the ground, and no one waits to consult the owner, or thinks of compensating him afterwards. In other words his individual rights are as nothing compared to the safety of the town. And so we say to the vendor of strong drink,—You may have, in the abstract, a right to sell intoxicants, just as others may have a right to drink them; but experience has shown that your business is a standing menace to the safety and well-being of the community, and must be prohibited. Our main object is to protect society—not to interfere with your liberty; that is merely incidental.

The argument that sumptuary laws have always failed to accomplish their object, has some foundation in fact, just because such laws have gone upon the principle of regulating what men should eat or drink. Prohibition does not attempt this. It says nothing about what men shall eat or drink, and, therefore, strictly speaking, it is not a sumptuary law. It simply declares that the traffic in intoxicating liquors is a national wrong, the source of innumerable evils, and public safety demands its suppression. Along that line it can and will accomplish its object. Prohibition does prohibit.—Nation.

The exclusive information given three weeks ago, in these dispatches, regarding the protest of Great Britain against the seizures by American cruisers in Behring sea, has been fully confirmed by the official correspondence on the subject. The attitude of the English government is that any further seizures will provoke armed hostilities, would be followed by war, would be for America to decide as England's fleet in the north Pacific would undoubtedly sweep Behring sea clean of American cruisers, and thereby remove the immediate occasion of British, or rather Canadian, complaint. Orders to Admiral Hotham are, of course, transmitted direct from the admiralty and do not go through the British Minister at Washington, who is able, therefore, to aver official ignorance of those instructions. The situation in London is that, whatever the result of pending negotiations regarding the Behring Sea, America can have a war on her hands at any time by persisting in the capture of British destroyers.

Last year France herself produced only 25,000,000 hectolitres of wine and she alone consumed 45,000,000 hectolitres. As to how the necessary amount for exportation is made, says the New York Sun, the foreigner can console himself with the fact that he is more apt to get good wine than the Frenchman, the genuine article standing exportation much better than adulteration.

THE MORMONS AGAIN.

Sir John Thompson's anti-Mormon legislation of last session struck at the peculiar matrimonial ideas of the new arrivals in Alberta. Henceforth a multiplication of alliances under the guise of obedience to a religious dogma is illegal. Not only is the over-married man punishable, but the person who knowingly performs a religious ceremony having polygamous principles, or want of principle, in view, comes within the iron grasp of the law. The new statute is a serious matter for the Mormons if they really believe the theory of polygamy that has been preached at Utah. According to this doctrine the position of the Mormon in the hereafter is governed by the size of the family he takes with him from earth. A "quiver full of them" secures a prominent place, and a small family, or no family at all, an out of the way corner. Our statute practically deprives the Mormon of the opportunity to realize the highest hope he is taught to entertain of the future. Yet, no one here protested against its passage, and no one will be scandalized when it is enforced. The invasion by the State of the domain of religion is apparently a procedure that is tolerated or not tolerated according to the strength of the body whose tenets are affected. But now that the polygamous feature of the Mormon difficulty is suppressed by law, another difficulty has arisen. The new settlers have brought with them the co-operative plan that obtained under Brigham Young at the old home. Yesterday's western dispatches announce that meetings are being held in the MacLeod district to protest against the incorporation of "The Cardstone Company." Cardstone is the headquarters of the Mormons, and the company to be established there is to comprehend all who subscribe to the Utah faith. The corporation, it is reported, will be founded precisely on the plan prescribed by Young. It will be a Socialistic affair. All the land will be held by it, and all the manufacturing and the buying and selling will be done by it. The western Gentiles hold that it will be highly injurious to them in that it will partake of the character of a trust. The business side of the arrangement, however, will not tell against it. We wink at Gentile trusts that serve to enrich a few at the expense of the many. It is very certain that while these trusts are tolerated, a co-operative arrangement that is beneficial to those who belong to it and not necessarily hurtful to outsiders will not meet with official censure. But there is another side of the question which deserves attention, and that is the danger which is calculated to flow from the solidification of Mormon interests in Canada. It appears to be the policy of the leaders to build up a distinct and united Mormon clan in the west. The Mormons are not to be Canadians mixing with Canadians, but a special people standing aloof from the gentiles, and acting in business and politics as one man. Were the Mormons not a growing sect in Alberta, their peculiar policy would be a matter of indifference. But they are strengthening themselves materially, and it follows that as they grow, so their influence, particularly in local politics, will be felt. —Mail.

"That which is morally wrong, can never be politically right."—Edmund Burke.

Mr. Blaine must be a lineal descendant of Lord North. The man who demands that England shall make an arrangement for Canada, in the acceptance of which the Dominion shall have no voice, is bettarified for the last century and for an "effete monarchy" than for these later days and free institutions. But perhaps the Secretary in making his proposition was merely baiting a trap for Lord Salisbury. Suppose England were to make a bargain altogether unsuitable to Canada that rumpus there would be and how severe the strain at the apron strings would become. But the Marquis is not the sort of diplomat to be twisted around Mr. Blaine's finger. —Mail.

Mr. ALVA YOUNG, of Waterloo, Ont., writes: "My baby was very sick with summer complaint, and nothing would help him till I tried Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, which cured him at once. It is one of the best remedies I ever used."

ASTRAY

FROM THE BALGONIE and SOUTHERN ranches.
Lost January, 87 cows carrying brands,
76 <D> WH M
Last May, 1 dark brown 2 year old colt, 1 bay filly, 2 years old,
branded 18 on left hips.
Finder please write to
ARTHUR WEBB,
Balgownie, N. W. T.

FOUND

BY AN INDIAN on west of Salt Flats, at God's Lake, 1 gray mare with few brown spots on back of ear, about 10 years old, 1 gray horse, about 14 hands. Owner is requested to communicate with the undersigned, from whom he can recover the same by paying expenses.
HILTON KEITH,
Indian Agent.

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MISS TREWARTHA will be pleased to do dressmaking at their homes or will take in dresses.
Apply to MISS TREWARTHA,
Hand Painting Taught.
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Holy Days.—Holy Communion at 11 o'clock. Evensong at 19.30 o'clock.
Wednesday.—Evensong and choir practice at 19.30 o'clock.
S. CRAIG'S.
Service every alternate Sunday at 15 o'clock.
INDIAN HEAD.
Service every alternate Sunday at 11 or 19 o'clock.
EDGELY PARK.
Service every fourth Sunday a 19 o'clock.
MULRAN.
Service every fourth Sunday at 15 o'clock.
BALGONIE FARM.
Service every fourth Sunday at 19 o'clock.
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
QU'APPELLE.
Services every Sunday at 11 and 19 o'clock. Sabbath School at 15.15. Pastor's Bible Class at 15.15 o'clock.
Tuesday, Weekly Lecture at 20 o'clock.
Friday, Teachers' meeting at 20 o'clock.
Rev. J. E. Eaves, Pastor.
METHODIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. Tozeland.
QU'APPELLE.
Service every Sunday evening at 19 o'clock. Sunday School and Teaching Service at 11 o'clock. Class meeting every Sunday morning after service. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at half past 19 o'clock.
EDGELY.
Service every Sunday afternoon at 14.30 o'clock. (2.30 p.m.)
ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.
QU'APPELLE.
Service every second Sunday in the month Mass at 10.30 o'clock. Evening service at 19 o'clock (7 p.m.).
PRIEST.—Rev. G. Montreuil.
MASONIC.
QU'APPELLE LODGE.
Regular meetings on the Tuesday before full moon, at 20 o'clock. J. A. Cowan, W. M.; Geo. Purcell, Sec.
BAPTIST CHURCH.
Sunday School and Bible Class at 10 o'clock.
Service at 11 and 19 o'clock.
Regular weekly prayer meeting Thursday evening at 20 o'clock.
SONS OF ENGLAND.
Lodge Royal Standard No. 112, of this Benevolent Society meet once a fortnight on Thursdays, at 20 o'clock. W. S. Redpath, Secretary.
ROYAL TEMPLARS.
QU'APPELLE COUNCIL.
Regular meeting in the Methodist church every Monday evening at 20 o'clock (8 p.m.). James Weidman, S. C.; G. C. D. Edmunds, Sec.-Sec.
NORTHWEST PROHIBITORY ALLIANCE.
G. H. V. Bulyea, President.
James Weidman, Secretary-Treasurer.
Frank Marwood, Secretary Qu'Appelle Branch.
QU'APPELLE (STATION) POST OFFICE.
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For Fort Qu'Appelle, etc., close daily at 7 o'clock, and open for delivery at 18 o'clock.
For Prince Albert and points on the Saskatchewan, close every Tuesday at 19 and open for delivery every Tuesday at 8 o'clock.
The post office closes every evening at 19 o'clock; registered mail at 18.30, and money order department at 18 o'clock.
QU'APPELLE PUBLIC SCHOOL.
D. S. McLeod, Principal; M. Westaway, Assistant.
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.
The regular meeting of the Council is held on the first Monday of each month.
J. A. Cowan, Chairman; J. B. Brown, J. H. Fraser, Jas. Smith, J. B. Bunn, J. B. Howkes, John Caldwell, Councillors. A. M. McLane, Clerk.
BOARD OF TRADE.
Holds regular monthly meetings, with weekly meetings of Executive.
J. F. Beauchamp, President; J. H. MacCaul, Secretary.
LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION.
A. M. McLane, President; W. S. Redpath, Secretary.
LIBERAL ASSOCIATION.
Col. J. H. Thompson, Hon. President; James Smith, President; G. H. V. Bulyea, Secretary.

BE CONSISTENT, VOTE AS YOU PRAY.
I love the brave men of decision.
Whom we meet on life's crowded highway
Who soon the world's ally become,
And have courage to vote as they pray?
We've ten thousand good fellows around us,
Good Christians, too, in their own way,
But, alas! how their actions are found us,
When they fail to vote as they pray.
That the whiskey men use them, no wonder,
And quote their examples each day;
For I'm sure as true Christians they boulder,
Who don't always vote as they pray.

We've too many such men in our nation—
In our churches we oft hear them say,
"We'll lead as not to temptation."
While they vote that temptation may stay.
The answer of Cain they return soon,
When you speak of the "other" astray,
And all the run traffic to spare you
While they vote that the evil may stay.
How strange and how sad the decision
That permits the rum-evil fall away,
And creates in the church a confusion
When Christians don't vote as they pray.
Now, Christians! to make the case graphic,
If you don't wish to see the nation stay
Don't be a cat-paw for the traffic,
But V-O-T-E as you pray.

"Smashers of the Confederation and
towers up of the Constitution have been
heard from before this. They have made
themselves ridiculous in the eyes as well as
in Quebec, in Nova Scotia, in Manitoba and
in British Columbia. But somehow Confed-
eration severely survives their smashing
without apparently feeling the blow, and
though its editors tear up the constitution
wherever things do not proceed according to
their wishes, it still continues to work as
usual with provoking smoothness and regu-
larity."—Montreal Star.

—Referring to the fondness of the negro
in Africa for bright colored things, a recent
writer says: "A Glasgow firm of rum-sellers have
quantities of gaily colored handkerchiefs,
with a special design favoring their trade,
manufactured and freely distributed among
the natives of Africa. One has a design of
two bottles of liquor flanking a goblet; an-
other has a number of bottles radiating from
a centre. Each bottle is represented as
labeled with the name of its contents, and
the trade-mark and name of the manu-
facturer. I have seen these horrible red
flags of the pirates who seek to extend
their devilish traffic among the hapless
heathen, making blood-money and gain by
the souls for whom Christ died! Inasmuch
as the handkerchiefs bear no dealer's name,
it would seem that those who export and
distribute them are either ashamed of them-
selves, or else that, with a devil's subtlety
they desire to furnish the natives with the
forms and symbols of their trade, with the
view to impress the imagination and excite
desire. No wonder that when my old-
time friend and comrade in many a tem-
pestuous fight, Mr. Robert Montgomery, of Lan-
caster, exhibited these products of Christian
civilization to the Congregational Union,
Memorial Hall rang with cries of shame."

LIST OF LANDS IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF WOLSELEY, To be Sold for Taxes

Municipality of	Section	Township	Range	Size of lot or acres	Arrears	Costs	Total	
Wolseley	s w 2	16	8	160	\$ 1.75	\$0.86	2.11	
do	s w 4	16	8	160	10.14	.57	10.71	
do	n w 16	16	8	160	9.96	.57	10.53	
do	n e 30	16	8	160	8.44	.53	8.97	
do	n w 2	17	8	160	11.80	.71	12.51	
do	s 10	17	8	820	41.08	1.34	42.42	
do	s e 84	17	8	160	25.33	.95	26.28	
do	s w 4	18	8	160	18.10	.77	18.87	
do	n w 6	18	8	160	8.82	.58	9.40	
do	s w 18	18	8	160	6.22	.47	6.69	
do	s w 34	18	8	160	9.04	.55	9.59	
do	s w 32	17	8	160	20.28	.82	21.10	
do	s w 80	15	9	160	10.42	.58	11.00	
do	n w 32	15	9	160	1.66	.36	2.02	
do	s w 36	15	9	160	5.52	.46	5.98	
do	w 19	16	9	320	13.72	.66	14.38	
do	n e 28	16	9	160	14.80	.69	15.49	
do	s e 28	16	9	160	14.72	.69	15.41	
do	s w 80	10	9	160	8.80	.54	9.34	
do	w 31	16	9	320	17.05	.74	17.79	
do	n e 32	16	9	160	19.76	.82	20.58	
do	n w 12	17	9	160	18.72	.79	19.51	
do	n e 12	17	9	160	18.72	.79	19.51	
do	n w 12	18	9	160	6.20	.47	6.67	
do	s w 12	18	9	160	13.05	.64	13.69	
do	n e 18	18	9	160	9.12	.40	9.52	
do	s w 34	18	9	160	14.58	.68	15.26	
do	n e 34	18	9	160	16.76	.71	16.47	
do	s w 34	12	10	160	6.80	.46	7.26	
do	n e 24	16	10	160	9.75	.56	10.31	
do	n e 24	26	10	160	3.07	.39	3.46	
do	n e 24	30	10	160	3.50	.40	3.90	
do	n w 34	3	17	10	160	9.56	.56	10.12
do	n half 4	17	10	820	23.11	.90	24.01	
do	n half 5	17	10	320	19.13	.80	19.93	
do	n e 34	17	10	320	7.05	.51	7.56	
do	n w 34	20	17	10	160	3.64	.41	4.05
do	all 27	17	10	640	47.84	1.51	49.35	
do	all 33	17	10	640	31.67	1.11	32.78	
do	n w 34	17	10	160	11.44	.60	12.04	
do	all 2	18	10	640	22.58	.88	23.46	
do	all 7	18	10	640	21.70	.86	22.56	
do	all 17	18	10	640	21.70	.86	22.56	
do	n w 34	32	18	10	160	3.90	.42	4.32
do	s w 34	34	18	10	160	7.40	.50	7.90
do	n half 84	18	10	320	23.06	.89	23.95	
do	n e 34	84	18	10	160	13.90	.67	14.57
do	s w 34	2	19	10	160	14.84	.69	15.53
do	n e 34	2	19	10	160	14.18	.67	14.85
do	s w 34	4	19	10	160	10.06	.57	10.63
do	n w 34	6	19	10	160	5.90	.46	6.36
do	s e 34	18	19	10	160	15.30	.70	16.00
Town of Wolseley, lot 11	block 8	1/2 acre	1.53	.39	1.89			

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J. F. MIDDLEMISS,
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DEPARTURES.
ALL EX. STATIONS. Pac. Ex.

DEPART.	STATIONS.	Pac. Ex.
7.00 p.m.	San Francisco, N.P.	7.45 a.m.
10.00	Portland, O., N.P.	6.30
3.00 p.m.	Tacoma, W.T.	10.00
5.00	Seattle, W.T.	2.00
3.00 De	VICTORIA	14.25
13.00	VANCOUVER	14.25
13.10	New Westminster	14.22
19.22	North Bend	8.19
4.13	Kamloops	33.00
12.15	Glacier House	14.25
10.30	Box 100	19.35
17.15	Golden	11.55
19.50	Field	10.05
22.25	BANFF HOT SPRINGS	6.45
23.15	Cumner	4.55
2.30	Calgary	2.30
10.00	Manitoba Har	19.30
10.17	Danmore	18.30
12.40	Maple Creek	18.30
16.45	Swift Current	11.30
21.54	Moore Jaw	6.45
7.35	Stirling	4.30
24.25	Balgownie	3.18
24.48	McLean	2.30
1.12	Qu'Appelle	2.57
1.37	Indian Head	2.32
2.05	Saskatoon	2.03
2.30	Wolsley	1.38
2.50	Summerbury	1.18
3.10	Grenfell	21.57
4.05	Braceville	24.15
4.13	Witwood	23.27
5.20	Wapella	22.55
6.01	Moosomin	22.12
7.55	Virton	30.20
11.15	Brandon	18.01
12.16	Garfield	17.57
14.20	PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE	16.02
16.30 Ar	WINNIPEG	13.20 De

9.45 am LV	Winnipeg	Ar 12.50 m
8.00	Grand Forks	7.10 am
8.00	Fargo	3.35
3.20	Duluth	8.00
6.55	St. Paul	5.00
7.10	Kansas City	9.50
7.30	St. Louis	9.60
3.00 pm LV	St. Paul	Ar 1.50
7.00 am Ar	Chicago	LV 10.50 pm

F 17.30 LV	Winnipeg	Ar 10.50 A
18.35	Schliker East	11.00
23.25	Kootenai	5.20
G 24.01	Port Portage	5.30
13.55	W. Port William	15.20
G 14.30	Ar Port Arthur	De 14.30
3.30 pm		D 8.15
H 7.00 pm LV	North Bay	Ar 0.35 am
H 4.30 am	Toronto	B 11.00 pm
9.04	Hamilton	6.55
11.20	Niagara Falls	4.35
2.15 pm	Wingham	2.15
12.00 noon	London	5.00
12.30 pm	St. Thomas	4.35
B 4.20 pm Ar	Detroit	LV B 12.05 pm
H 6.30 pm LV	North Bay	Ar C 5.45 am
H 12.05 am	Pembroke	4.12
1.25 am	Renfrew	2.50
3.00 am Ar	Carlton Det.	LV 1.30 am
H 10.50 am LV	Prosscott	Ar B 1.50 pm
2.25 pm	Brookville	3.00
4.10 am	Ottawa	12.20 am
8.10 am	Montreal	8.40
2.30 pm	Quebec	1.30
7.00 am	New York etc.	7.30
8.50 pm	Boston, N.Y.	9.00 am
2.30 pm	St. John	12.00 pm
11.30 pm	Ar Halifax	LV 1.50 am
Goins s.w.		Sunday S.E.

REFERENCES:
A. daily. B. daily except Sunday.
Daily except Monday. D. daily except Tues-
day. E. daily except Wednesday. F. daily
except Thursday. G. daily except Friday.
H. daily except Saturday.
Trains east of Brandon run on Central
standard time. Between Brandon and
Donald on Mountain standard time. West
of Donald, Pacific Standard time.
CONNECTIONS.
Victoria. Steamers for Puget Sound,
Alaska, San Francisco and Southern Cali-
fornia points.
Vancouver. With steamers for Puget
Sound, Victoria and C.P.R. steamships for
China and Japan.
Golden. With steamers for Windermere
and Kesteven District.
Dunmore. With N.W.C. & Nav. Co. for
Lethbridge, etc.
Portage la Prairie. With M. & N. W.
Railway.
Winnipeg. With branch lines diverging
for Port Arthur, with Car. Pac. steam-
ships from Winnipeg, with Lake Superior
and Great Lakes steamships.
Elegant Dining and Sleeping Cars on all
through trains. Through tickets at lowest
rates on sale at principal stations.
Geo. O. H. LUCIUS TUTTLE,
Gen. Traffic Mgr. Passenger Traffic Agent.
WM. WHYTE, R. KERR,
Gen'l Supt. Gen'l Pass. Agent.
Winnipeg.

Qu'Appelle observatory.			
Readings of the thermometer for the week ending Wednesday, July 30, 1890.			
	Maximum.	Minimum.	
Thursday, July 21.....	83	55	
Friday, July 22.....	86	57	
Saturday, July 23.....	88	62	
Sunday, July 24.....	88	55	
Monday, July 25.....	79	50	
Tuesday, July 26.....	76	47	
Wednesday, July 27.....	75	50	
WIND VELOCITY AND DIRECTION.			
	G.M.	P.M.	
Thursday, July 21.....	s 2 sw 3	sw 4	
Friday, July 22.....	s 8 s 16	s 12	
Saturday, July 23.....	s 15 s 11	s 8	
Sunday, July 24.....	w 2 s 22	sw 13	
Monday, July 25.....	w 13 sw 28	sw 25	
Tuesday, July 26.....	sw 11 sw 8	w 2	
Wednesday, July 27.....	sw 10 w 11	w 12	

The Qu'Appelle Progress
IS A STRAIGHT
PROHIBITION PAPER,
Making the Cause of First Political
Importance.
Only One Dollar a Year in Advance.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 1, 1890.
Home & Gossip.

Little Local Links in the Town's Chain of History.

QU'APPELLE.
—The prairies are fragrant with new mown hay.

—Agents wanted to canvass the town and vicinity for Henry M. Stanley's book "In Darkest Africa."

—Next Sunday evening the Rev. John Tozeland and the Rev. John Ferry will exchange pulpits in the Presbyterian and Methodist churches.

—Mr. G. Hector Clemes, representing "Canadian Grocer and General Storekeeper," Hardware, Books and Notions, of Toronto, gave The Progress a pleasant call this week.

—Mr. Fisher, night operator at the C. P. R. station here, has gone to Moose Jaw for a month. His place here is being filled by Mr. Fulmore, late of the Intercolonial Railway.

—On Sunday morning next, at 10.30 o'clock, the regular Methodist Quarterly meeting will be held in the church, and on Monday at 14 o'clock, the official Quarterly Board will hold its August meeting.

—The municipal voters' list is now posted, and may be seen at the clerk's office. Persons entitled to vote are advised to inspect it and see if their names appear. We know of at least one instance where the name of an occupant of property appears on his assessment notice but has been omitted from the assessment roll, and there may be others omitted for similar or other reasons.

—We are pleased to learn that the crops throughout Eastern Assiniboia are excellent. Mr. A. C. Paterson, who has been to the extreme east of the district reports favorably of the prospects of a very large yield. He visited the farm of Mr. J. R. Neff, M. L. A., of Moosomin, who has 600 acres of wheat and 250 acres of barley that cannot be beaten in Canada. Mr. Neff expects to harvest 25,000 bushels of grain. The crops on the Indian Reserve at Crooked Lakes are equal if not superior to any in the country. Many of the Indians have from 20 to 40 acres under crop. A visit to this reserve would be profitable to many of our white farmers.

—On Friday evening last Miss Knox gave one of her superior recitals in the government hall in connection with the Presbyterian Sunday School. A Qu'Appelle audience never before enjoyed such excellent elocution. Her selections were well chosen and her easy and graceful naturalness in every character which she represented made the evening's entertainment one which will be long remembered. Miss Knox's powers of heart eloquence are such as to stir the deepest emotions of her hearers while her great elocutions are so well trained as to make her a queen of elocutionists. She was greeted by a large audience which she was pleased to call a very sympathetic one.

THOROUGHBRED STOCK.

Two years ago Messrs. Wm. Henley, J. R. Brown and George Glover formed a syndicate for improving their stock and purchased the thoroughbred short horn bull Baron Qu'Appelle, and to avoid close breeding, they have recently exchanged him with Mr. W. R. Motherwell, of the Pleasant Plains, for the short-horn bull Jessamine Duke 3rd. The pedigrees of the two animals is as follows:

"Baron Qu'Appelle (9231), roan, calved Feb. 25, 1885, bred by Leslie Gordon, Qu'Appelle, N. W. T., got by Baron Knolly 5th, Dam Knolly Rose 2d, by Duke of Whitehall, Belle of Wilmore by Liberator Queen of Wilmore by President Grant, Strawberry 2d, by Marion Duke of Airdrie, Strawberry by President, etc.

Jessamine Duke Red roan, calved Feb. 17, 1885, bred by David Rea, Fergus, Ont., got by Butterfly's Duke, dam Jessamine, Prince of Springwood, Jessamine by Nelson, Jessamine, by His Royal Highness, Modesty, by Duke of Arkell, Britannia, by Prince of Wales, Britannia.

RACE MEETING.

The summer meeting of the Qu'Appelle Turf Club, in connection with the Manitoba and Northwest racing circuit, took place Monday and Tuesday, 28th and 29th. The attendance was rather small on account of the farmers being busy haying and preparing for harvest. There were horses at this meeting that had come from as far east as New York State. On Monday the first race on the program was the pony race, 14½ hands and under, best 2 in 3. There were 8 starters, Maggie, owned by J. Love, Qu'Appelle; Bess, J. Daniels, Pense; Le Bleu, P. Cahil, Moosomin; Bob Ridley, J. P. Laycock, Sakebats; Polo, R. Johnston, Qu'Appelle; Richard, A. Pelcher, Touchwood; Syndicate, McLever, Birtle, and Courtney, C. Harrison, Fairview, in the pools. Bob Ridley sold favorite, with Syndicate and Polo second choice. After scoring for about 30 minutes and several runaways the horses got away. Le Bleu getting a bad start, Maggie Moore took the lead from the first start and maintained it to the wire, winning easily in 57½, with Syndicate 2nd and Polo a good 3rd. The second heat was a repetition of the first, except that Le Bleu took second place, time 55½. During this race rider Gibson narrowly escaped being hurt, his horse, Syndicate, bolted, throwing his rider over the fence. In the three minute trot there were three starters, Lilly S, owned by W. H. Searth, Virden; Roderick, J. Love, Qu'Appelle, and Jeff Davis, S. Tease, Qu'Appelle. Lilly S was considered a sure winner in this race and did not disappoint her backers. Roderick took 1st heat and Lilly S 3 next. Jeff Davis was not in the race at any point. Time, 3.03, 2.57½, 3.03½ and 2.59. The next and last race of the day was the Free for all Trot, with three starters, Sleepy Jim, owned by J. Johnston, Winnipeg; Bob White, G. Wentworth, Ft. MacLeod, and Mollie B, C. Howson, Regina, in the pools. Mollie B was favorite, with Sleepy Jim second choice. Mollie B took three straight heats, with Sleepy Jim second. The second day was by far the best day's racing. The weather was excellent and every race was well contested. The first race was mile heats, 2 in 3. There were five starters, Little Dan, B. Bowly, Hamilton, Dak, owner; Bay Bob, L. Hamelin, Ft. Qu'Appelle; Bay Frank, R. Ross, Blackwood's; Jessie Ranks, W. H. Parker, Minot, Dak.; and Ordinance, G. Wentworth, Ft. MacLeod, Jessie Ranks won easily, with Little Dan 2nd and Ordinance 3rd. Time, 1.54½ and 1.52. In named trot there were three starters, Lilly S, Jerry, J. Smith, Regina, and Bob White. The race was principally between Lilly S and Jerry. B. Barnes handled the ribbons behind the former and G. Webb, Winnipeg, behind the latter. Lilly S took first heat, Jerry the next two, but Lilly S came to the front in next two heats, and won the race, time 2.47½, 2.41½, 2.44 and 2.45. In

the pools on this race Bob White was favorite and Jerry 2nd choice, with Lilly S selling away down. The next and last race of the meeting was the six hundred yard heats, 3 in 5, ponies 14½ hands and under, catch weights, horses weights up. There were 4 starters, Minot, owned by W. H. Parker, Minot, Dak.; Sugarfoot, C. Howson, Regina, Polo and Le Bleu. Sugarfoot took first, Polo 2nd and Minot 3rd. Time 37, 36½ and 37½. This closed a very successful meeting. Nearly all the above horses have gone to Regina to compete in the races at that place on Friday and Saturday, where it is expected there will be some good racing, as there are several horses coming from the west.

The judges were A. L. McIntyre, Winnipeg, G. S. Davidson, Qu'Appelle, and A. W. Elliott, Minneapopolis. Timekeepers, J. H. Hohnan and J. D. Lamb, Winnipeg.

The following is the result of the races in brief.

FIRST DAY.

Three Minute Trot, purse \$100.—1st, Lilly S, W. H. Searth, Virden, owner; 2nd, Roderick, J. Love, Qu'Appelle, owner; Jeff Davis, S. Tease, Qu'Appelle, owner, distanced. Lilly S trotted under protest. Best time, 2.47½.

Ponies 14½ Hands, purse \$100.—1st, Maggie Moore, J. Love, Qu'Appelle, owner; 2nd, Le Bleu, P. Cahil, Crescent Lake, owner; 3rd, Syndicate, Mrs. McLever Birtle, owner. Time, 55½.

Free-for-all Trot, purse \$100.—1st, Mollie B, C. Howson, Regina, owner; 2nd, Sleepy Jim, J. J. Johnston, Brandon, owner; 3rd, Bob White, G. Wentworth, Fort MacLeod, owner. Time, 2.39.

SECOND DAY.

Mile heats, purse \$150.—1st, Jessie Ranks, W. H. Parker, Minot, Dak., owner; 2nd, Little Dan, A. Bowly, Hamilton, Dak., owner; 3rd, Ordinance, G. Wentworth, Ft. MacLeod, owner. Time, 1.52½.

600 Yards, purse \$125.—1st, Sugarfoot, C. Howson, Regina, owner; 2nd, Polo, R. Johnston, Qu'Appelle, owner; 3rd, Minot, W. H. Parker, Minot, Dak., owner. Time, 37.

Named Trot, purse \$75.—1st, Lilly S, W. H. Searth, Virden, owner; 2nd, Jerry, J. Smith, Regina, owner; 3rd, Bob White, G. Wentworth, Ft. MacLeod, owner. Best time, 2.41½ in 2nd heat by Jerry.

MR. JESSE JOHNSON, of Rockwood, Ont., writes:—"Last fall I had boils very bad and a friend advised Burdock Blood Bitters. I got a bottle and the effect was wonderful, half the bottle totally cured me. A more rapid and effectual cure does not exist."

VIGILANT CARE.

Vigilance is necessary against unexpected attacks of summer complaints. No remedy is so well-known or so successful in this class of diseases as Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Keep it in the house as a safe guard.

WANTED.
A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT.
Apply to
MRS. J. L. G. BAILEY,
Post Office, Qu'Appelle Station.

IMPOUNDED.

ON JULY 18th there was impounded in my pound, section 28, range 16, township 19, the following animals, viz:
1 large horse, dark bay,
3 smaller horses and ponies, bay,
1 black mare,
1 dark iron grey mare,
5 light iron grey or buckskin mares,
2 spring calfs.

CHARLES FAIRBURN,
Pound Keeper.

ASTRAY.

A YEAR OLD thoroughbred bull; color, light red, white spots; last seen near Mr. Jas. Smith's farm, west of Edgely. Any information leading to his recovery will be liberally rewarded. Address:
GUSTAV MICHAELIS,
July 23rd, 1890.

\$10 Reward. STRAYED.

A WAY on the night of Saturday, the 14th of June, two black ponies. One has a white hind and 3 white feet; the other has a white hind and a little white on his forehead. 2 white feet, branded SA on his left shoulder. He had a halter on and a long rope around his neck when last seen. The above reward will be paid for their delivery at Mr. Thos. Carroll's Half Way House or to
H. W. SMITH,
Strathcarril P. O.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS! NOW SELLING AT VERY LOW FIGURES!

MY STOCK OF
Boots and Shoes,
Clothing, Dry Goods,
HARDWARE,
CROCKERY & GROCERIES
is still very complete. Please give us a call and see for yourself.
J. P. BEAUCHAMP.
QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

BINDERS! BINDERS! SECURE ONE OF THE BRANTFORD STEEL BINDERS! PROVED TO BE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

Whether English, Canadian or American.
Lightest in Draft, Easiest to Manage, Surest to Tie, and Never Fails under any Circumstances.

It is the Farmers' Favorite
SEE OUR TESTIMONIALS.
All other kinds of Implements in Stock.

Phaetons, Conches, Surreys, Coil Spring Carts, Buckboards, Half Plat-form Spring Wagons and Heavy Wagons on hand at reduced prices.
A Second Hand Buckboard cheap.
FRESH LIME always on hand. Can be had in any quantity.
A good working horse for sale cheap.

G. S. DAVIDSON.
Commission Merchant, Qu'Appelle.

The Canada North-West Land Co. (LIMITED.) Offer for Sale SELECTED FARM LANDS

In Manitoba and the North-West Territories,
Near the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line
A large proportion of this Company's Lands is in thickly settled Districts.

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W. B. SCARTH
MANAGING DIRECTOR FOR CANADA.

Canadian Pacific Railway Town Lots.

THE TOWN SITE TRUSTEES OFFER FOR SALE
Building Sites at all Stations on Main Line of above Railway
Between Brandon and Calgary

W. B. SCARTH, Trustee



J. G. MCKENZIE,
Merchant Tailor
QU'APPELLE STATION.
Fit and Workmanship Guaranteed.
TERMS CASH.

50 CENTS
\$25.00
Watch for \$4.98



This watch has fine engraved hands, gold case, and is guaranteed for 5 years. It is a perfect time piece and is sold at a very low price. It is a perfect time piece and is sold at a very low price. It is a perfect time piece and is sold at a very low price.